	Technical data	
•	General specifications	
(\circ)	Sensing range	30 500 mm
	Adjustment range	50 500 mm
	Dead band	0 30 mm
M. C	Standard target plate Transducer frequency	100 mm x 100 mm approx. 390 kHz
No.	Response delay	approx. 50 ms
	Indicators/operating means	
	LED green LED yellow 1	solid green: Power on solid: switching state switch output 1 flashing: program function
	LED yellow 2	solid: switching state switch output 2 flashing: program function
	LED red	normal operation: "fault" program function: no object detected
	Electrical specifications	
	Operating voltage U _B	10 30 V DC , ripple 10 % _{SS}
	No-load supply current I ₀ Input/Output	≤ 50 mA
	Synchronization	bi-directional
lodel Number		0 level -U _B +1 V
		1 level: +4 V+U _B input impedance: > 12 KOhm
B500-F42-E7-V15 ingle head system	-	synchronization pulse: \geq 100 µs, synchronization interpuls period: \geq 2 ms
ingio nota oyotem	Synchronization frequency Common mode operation	≤ 95 Hz
eatures	Multiplex operation	≤ 95 Hz ≤ 95/n Hz, n = number of sensors
2 independent switch outputs	Output	
	Output type	2 switch outputs NPN, normally open/close selectable
Extremely small unusable area TEACH-IN	Rated operating current I _e Default setting	200 mA , short-circuit/overload protected Switch point A1: 50 mm , Switch point A2: 500 mm , wide
-	Voltage drop U _d	sound lobe ≤ 2.5 V
Interference suppression (adjus- table divergence of sound cone in	Repeat accuracy	\leq 0.5 % of switching point
close range)	Switching frequency f	\leq 8 Hz
Temperature compensation	Range hysteresis H Temperature influence	1 % of the set operating distance ± 1 % of full-scale value
	Ambient conditions	
Synchronization options	Ambient temperature	-25 70 °C (-13 158 °F)
NO/NC selectable	Storage temperature Mechanical specifications	-40 85 °C (-40 185 °F)
-	Connection type	Connector M12 x 1 , 5-pin
liagrams	Degree of protection	IP54
	Material Housing	ABS
haracteristic response curve	Transducer	epoxy resin/hollow glass sphere mixture; foam polyurethane, cover PBT
ance Y (m)	Mass Compliance with standards and	140 g
Flat surface 100 mm x 100 mm	directives	
	Standard conformity	
	Standards	EN 60947-5-2:2007 + A1:2012
		IEC 60947-5-2:2007 + A1:2012
	Approvals and certificates	
	UL approval	cULus Listed, General Purpose
	CSA approval	cCSAus Listed, General Purpose
Round bar, Ø 25 mm	CCC approval	CCC approval / marking not required for products rated
0.0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0		≤36 V
Distance X [m]		
→ X □ wide sonic beam		
narrow sonic beam		
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 Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information".

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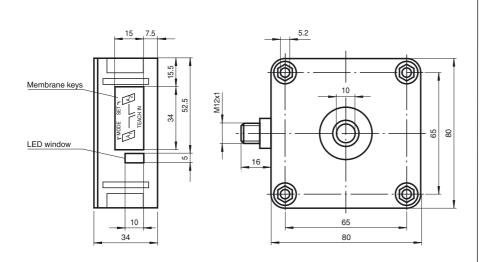
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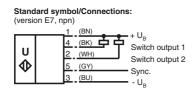


UB500-F42-E7-V15

Dimensions



Electrical Connection



Core colours in accordance with EN 60947-5-2.

Pinout

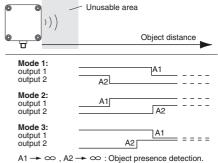


Wire colors in accordance with EN 60947-5-2

1	BN	(brown)
2	WH	(white)
3	BU	(blue)
4	BK	(black)
5	GY	(gray)

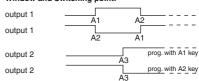
Additional Information

Switching output programmation



A1 $\rightarrow \infty$, A2 $\rightarrow \infty$: Object presence detection. Both outputs operate according to the selected mode, if an object is located within the detection range.

Window and Switching point:



Note:

 $\rightarrow \infty$ means: cover transducer surface with your hand, while programming the output. If A1 = A2, the output work like A1 < A2

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Accessories

MH 04-3505 Mounting aid for FP and F42 sensors

MHW 11 Mounting brackets for sensors

V15-G-2M-PVC Female cordset, M12, 5-pin, PVC cable

Functional description

The sensor can be completely parameterised using 2 keys on the side of the housing. One special feature of this sensor is the option of adapting the ultrasonic beam width to the ambient conditions at the place where the sensor is used.

Teach-in of switching points:

Teach-in of switching points is used to determine the points at which the switching outputs will change their state. In addition, the order of switching points A1 < A2, or A1 > A2 also determines the effective direction (normally closed/open function) of the window in the output function (operating mode) "Window + Switching point" (see below).

Teach-in of switching point A1 with key A1		
Press key A1 > 2 seconds	The sensor goes into learning mode for switching point A1	
Position the target object at the desired distance	The sensor indicates by rapid flashing of the yellow LED that the target object has been detected. If no object is detected, the red LED flashes.	
Press key A1 briefly	The sensor completes the Teach-in process for switch- ing point A1 and stores the value in permanent memo- ry. If the object is uncertain (red LED lit irregularly) the Teach-in value is not valid. Teach-in mode closes.	

The process for Teach-in of switching point A2 is similar to what was described above, using key A2.

Special feature for output function "Window + switching point"

In the case of the output function (operating mode) "Window + switching point" (see below), switching points A1 and A2 define the window limits of switch output 1.

A third switching point A3 can also be defined here at which switch output 2 switches.

Teach-in of switching point A3 with keys A1 and A2 (only for operating mode window + switching point, see below)		
Press key A1 + A2 > 2 sec- onds	The sensor goes into learning mode for switching point A3	
Position the target object at the desired distance	The sensor indicates by rapid flashing of the yellow LEDs that the target object has been detected. If no object is detected, the red LED flashes.	
Press key A1 briefly (output 2: normally closed)	The sensor completes the Teach-in process for switch- ing point A3 and stores the value in permanent memo- ry.	
or	If the object is uncertain (red LED lit irregularly) the Teach-in value is not valid. Teach-in mode closes.	
Press key A2 briefly (output 2: normally open)		

Teach-in for switching points can only be performed within the first 5 minutes after turning on the power supply. If the switching points need to be changed at a later time, this cannot be done until there is a new Power On.

Parameter assignment of the output function and ultrasound beam width

If you press the A1 key while the power supply is being turned on and then hold it down for 1 second, the sensor goes into the two-level parameterisation of operating modes.

Level 1, parametrisation of the output function

Pressing the A2 key briefly will cause the possible output functions to be selected one after the other (depending on the last output function to be parameterised). The functions are indicated by a flashing sequence of the green LED.

Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information"



Operating mode	Flashing sequence of green LED	A2 key
2 x normally open function (default)	-Ò, Pause	\bigcirc
2 x normally closed func- tion	- Ŏ Pause - Ŏ	
2 switching points n.o. (output 1) + n.c. (output 2)		
Window (output 1) + switching point (output 2)		

Pressing the A1 key for 2 seconds saves the selected output operating mode. The parameter assignment process is then complete and the sensor returns to normal mode. If you press the A1 key briefly instead, you go to Level 2 (parameter assignment of ultrasonic beam range).

Level 2, parameter assignment of ultrasonic beam width

The ultrasonic beam width can be adjusted to match the requirements of the application in Level 2.

Pressing the A2 key briefly will cause the possible beam widths to be selected one after the other (depending on the last beam width to be parameterised). The functions are indicated by a flashing sequence of the red LED.

Beam width	Flashing sequence of red LED	A2 key
Narrow beam width		\bigcirc
Average beam width	- Č Č Pause	\downarrow
Wide beam (default)	-Ŏ҉Ò҉Ò҉ Pause	\bigcup

Pressing the A1 key for 2 seconds saves the selected type of beam width. The parameter assignment process is then complete and the sensor returns to normal mode. If you press the A1 briefly instead, you go back to Level 1 (parameter assignment of output function).

If parameterisation is not complete within 5 minutes (pressing the A1 key for 2 seconds), the sensor interrupts parameterisation mode without changing the settings.

Synchronisation

The sensor is equipped with a synchronisation connection to suppress mutual interaction. If it is not turned on, the sensor works at an internally generated cycle rate. Synchronisation of more than one sensor is possible in a number of different ways.

External synchronisation:

The sensor can be synchronised by the application of a square wave voltage externally. A synchronisation pulse on the synchronisation input results in the execution of a measurement cycle. The pulse width must be greater than 100 μ s. The measurement cycle must be started with the falling signal edge. A Low level > 1 s or an open synchronisation input results in normal operation of the sensor. A High level on the synchronisation input deactivates the sensor.

Two different operating modes are possible

- Multiple sensors can be controlled by the same synchronisation signal. The sensors work on synonymous cycle.
- Synchronisation pulses are sent cyclically to only one sensor each time. The sensors work in Multiplex mode.

Self synchronisation:

The synchronisation connections of up to 5 sensors with option for self-synchronisation are connected with each other. These sensors work after turning on the operating voltage in Multiplex mode. The On delay increases depending on the number of sensors to be synchronised. Synchronisation is possible during Teach-in and vice-versa. Sensors must be operated unsynchronised to perform Teach-in of switching points.

Note:

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If the option for synchronisation is not used, the synchronisation input can be connected with ground (0 V) or the sensor can be operated with a V1 connection cable (4-pin).

