



### Model Number

**ML30-P/25/102/115**

Thru-beam sensor

6 m fixed cable

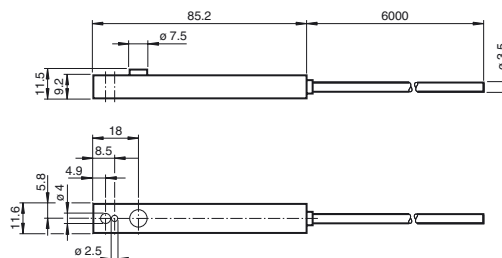
### Features

- Single-beam monitoring with extremely narrow sensor
- Integrated circuit
- Test
- Simple installation - Plug & Play
- Ideal for installation in door profiles or frames
- Compact housing version with 2 mounting options

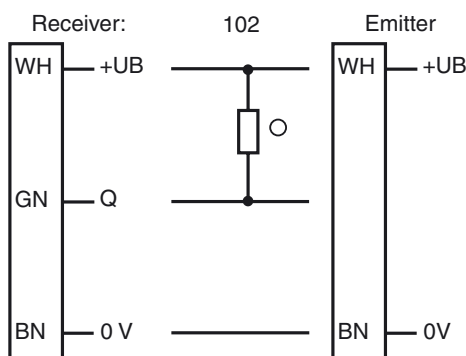
### Product information

The narrow miniature thru-beam sensors are a small and cost-effective solution, fitting in virtually any door frame. The ML29 and ML30 series offer fast, reliable detection at a distance of up to 8.5 m. The sensors are easy to mount on the profile, either using adhesive strips or a screw. A large opening angle ensures problem-free alignment. Several sensors can be mounted in a cross formation to offer multi-beam protection.

### Dimensions

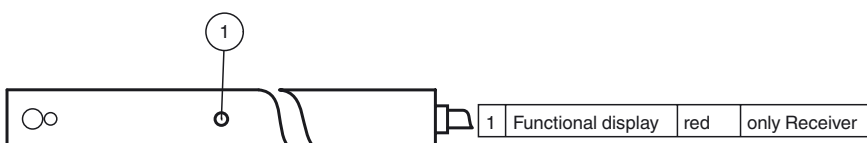


### Electrical connection



- = Light on
- = Dark on

### Indicators/operating means



## Technical data

### System components

Emitter	ML30-T/115
Receiver	ML30-R/25/102/115

### General specifications

Effective detection range	0 ... 6 m
Threshold detection range	8.5 m
Light source	IREL
Light type	modulated infrared light
Angle of divergence	+/- 8 °
Optical face	lateral
Ambient light limit	40000 Lux

### Indicators/operating means

Function display	LED red in receiver : lights up when receiving the light beam
------------------	---

### Electrical specifications

Operating voltage	$U_B$	10 ... 32 V DC
No-load supply current	$I_0$	Emitter: ≤ 25 mA Receiver: ≤ 10 mA

### Input

Test input	Test: Transmitter switches off at $+U_B \leq 5$ V DC
------------	--

### Output

Switching type	light on
Signal output	1 NPN output, short-circuit protected, reverse polarity protected, open collector
Switching voltage	max. 30 V DC
Switching current	max. 0.1 A
Switching frequency	f 100 Hz
Response time	5 ms

### Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature	-20 ... 60 °C (-4 ... 140 °F)
Storage temperature	-20 ... 75 °C (-4 ... 167 °F)

### Mechanical specifications

Protection degree	IP65
Connection	6 m fixed cable
Material	
Housing	PMMA , black
Optical face	Plastic pane
Mass	per device 120 g

### Compliance with standards and directives

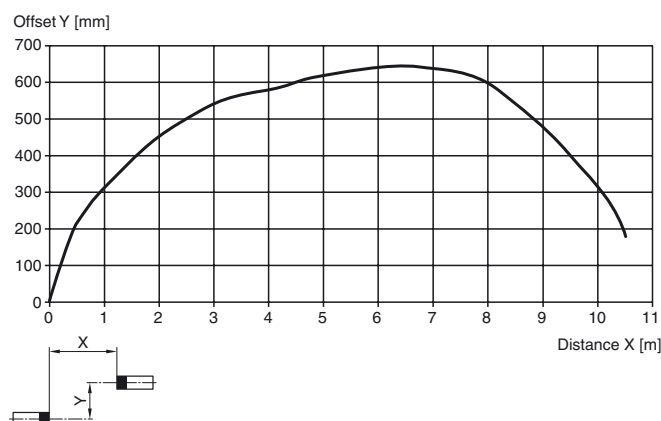
Standard conformity	
Product standard	EN 60947-5-2:2007 IEC 60947-5-2:2007
Standards	EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-3

### Approvals and certificates

CCC approval	Products with a maximum operating voltage of ≤36 V do not bear a CCC marking because they do not require approval.
--------------	--

## Curves/Diagrams

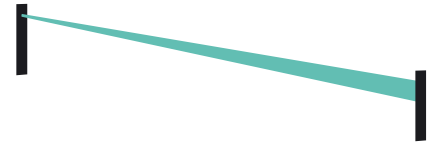
Characteristic response curve



## Typical applications

- Person detection for automatic doors and gates
- Closing edge protection on sliding and revolving doors
- Threshold monitoring for elevator doors
- Step monitoring for doors on public transport vehicles
- Trigger function for restarting escalators

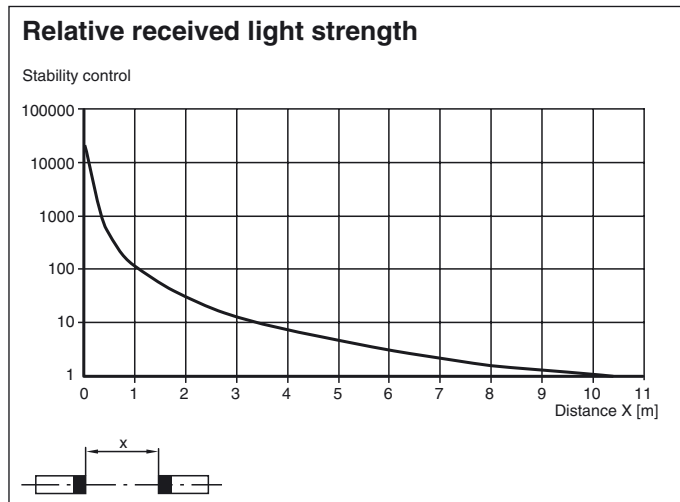
## Sensing field



## Accessories

### ML29 Front Plate

Front plate for thru-beam sensors in series ML29



### Function principle

The thru-beam sensor requires a pair of devices for operation, comprising a light transmitter and a light receiver. The emitter and receiver must be arranged in optical alignment with each other. The infrared light from the emitter is detected by the receiver and evaluated.

### Function

#### Static detection:

The thru-beam sensor detects persons and objects independently of movement and surface structure for as long as the object breaks the detection beam.

		Electronic output
Light detection /25	Person in the beam	Inactive
	No person in the beam	Active

#### Optics:

The relatively wide opening angles enable the light beam switches to be installed quickly, without alignment problems. Even if there is a light distortion of the installation profiles the function is retained.

#### Testing:

Testing is used to check the function of the thru-beam sensor.

With supply voltage  $+U_B < 5\text{ V}$  the emitter device is switched off. This simulates a light beam interruption. By means of this, the function of the light barrier can be tested easily without using a separate test input.

#### Installation:

Thanks to its small dimensions, the light beam can be fitted in a U-profile or behind a face panel. The hole diameter for both the emitter and the receiver is 4 mm.

Even fixing by means of the adhesive tape contained in the delivery package can be considered.

#### Installation of twin-beam arrangement:



A twin-beam version requires 2 emitters and receivers. Care should be taken that the beam separation is not less than 20 cm. The transmitters and receivers must be arranged in the form of a cross.

